

BAMBOO

TREATMENT INSTRUCTIONS

Bamboo is a material that needs to be taken care of in order to maintain a rich and beautiful surface for many years. The natural material has a very hard surface, but it also becomes porous if left to dry out.

Therefore, we recommend the bamboo to be treated with oil suitable for outdoor furniture.

Follow the instructions on the oil-product when applying. Use oil in moderation when applying: more does not always equal better. Oil the product as soon as you start using the table and then 3-4 times a year should be sufficient.

Our bamboo is treated with fungicide and oil from the factory, which helps prevent deterioration of the material.

The bamboo will eventually fade with sunlight and the weather, but maintenance, oil and cleaning will help keep the bamboo lasting for many years.

To prevent the bamboo from deterioration, please do not use a cover for the table. It is important that the natural material can breathe. Bamboo is a natural material that needs to be able to breathe. By using a cover, condensation will occur and eventually this will cause the bamboo to develop mold and fungi.

As any natural material standing outside, there is a risk of infection from fungi and spores from the environment.

It will occur on the bamboo, as black or brown spots, and should be removed as soon as possible.

REMOVING FUNGI AND REPAIRING A DAMAGED SURFACE

- Make the bamboo surface wet, and scrub with a stiff brush. This cleans deep into the bamboo and removes grime and fungi. A small amount of soap can, if necessary, be used.
- When the bamboo is dry, use a power sander to sand the bamboo, just like a solid wood treatment. Start with a medium-coarse sandpaper, and when the desired removal is achieved, step up to a fine sandpaper to finish the surface. Make sure to sand the bamboo evenly everywhere. Be sure to sand with the grain.
- After cleaning and sanding, it is important that the surface of the bamboo is sealed immediately with oil again. Apply according to the instructions on the product label, making sure not to apply more than necessary.
- Let the oil dry and enjoy your bamboo product.

BUFFALO LEATHER

TREATMENT INSTRUCTIONS

Our buffalo leather is a tough and durable surface. The top is corrected with a pigmented protective layer, making cleaning and maintenance easy. This type of leather will also get patina depending on use over time.

Maintenance

Since leather is a natural material, it needs some care to ensure its long-lasting appeal year after year, generation after generation.

We recommend that you follow the steps to maintain the leather:

- Avoid placing the leather in direct sunlight or exposing it to extreme heat.
- If you spill something on your furniture, use a dry cloth immediately to dab off any excess liquid.
- Use a vacuum cleaner with a soft brush to remove dust. A cloth and a mild soap solution can be used to remove dirt and grime.
- If needed, for semi-aniline leather, use a leather protection cream to offer more protection against staining and scratching. This may alter the color of the leather. When applying recommended creams always pay attention to the instructions and test on an inconspicuous area first.

Please avoid using any harsh detergents or solvents when cleaning the product.

CAMO LEATHER

TREATMENT INSTRUCTIONS

We use CAMO furniture leather which is a semi aniline type that is flexible and soft with an elegant look.

The top is slightly corrected and has a thin protective layer. Slight differences between different leather hides are very common. Semi aniline leather will gain small imperfections, discoloration and marks over time leaving a patina on the furniture.

Maintenance

Since leather is a natural material, it needs some care to ensure its long-lasting appeal year after year, generation after generation.

We recommend that you follow the steps to maintain the leather:

- Avoid placing the leather in direct sunlight or exposing it to extreme heat.
- If you spill something on your furniture, use a dry cloth immediately to dab off any excess liquid.
- Use a vacuum cleaner with a soft brush to remove dust. A cloth and a mild soap solution can be used to remove dirt and grime.
- If needed, for semi-aniline leather, use a leather protection cream to offer more protection against staining and scratching. This may alter the color of the leather. When applying recommended creams always pay attention to the instructions and test on an inconspicuous area first.

Please avoid using any harsh detergents or solvents when cleaning the product.

GABRIEL POLYESTER FABRIC

TREATMENT INSTRUCTIONS

The material on your furniture is made of polyester from Gabriel, it is particularly easy to maintain, and spots can be removed easily and without problems. The most environmentally correct production processes also ensure you a healthy and sustainable product.

Easy maintenance

To preserve the fabric's attractive colour and appearance, we recommend regular vacuuming, preferably every week, with a soft fitting.

Important points about spot removal

- A golden rule: always remove the spot as quickly as possible – before it penetrates into the fibres.
- Most types of spots can be removed with lukewarm water, possibly with a pH-neutral dishwashing detergent.
- Avoid soaking as this can damage the material under the fabric.
- Never rub hard to remove a spot.
- Use only the cleaning methods specified in the spot guide.
- Always use a clean white cotton cloth with only small amounts of detergent at a time.

N.B.! Benzene/acetone and similar can dissolve foam on soaking.

Be careful with naked flames. Hazardous when inhaled. Follow the guidelines from the supplier of the product.

Proceed as follows

- First absorb as much of the liquid as possible with plain white kitchen paper towelling or a cloth.
- If the spot has dried, remove as much as possible by vacuuming.
- Rub gently with a clean white cloth.
- Press a dry tea towel or piece of plain white kitchen roll against the fabric each time liquid is added so that moisture and impurities are absorbed.
- Use pure water without soap for the last washing.

GRANITE

TREATMENT INSTRUCTIONS

It is important to bring the granite inside during winter time. Low temperatures will increase the risk of cracks and damages to the granite.

We recommend maintaining the granite stone once every year, since the granite will fade in the sunlight over time. An oil suitable for granite will help refresh the color.

Please avoid using any harsh detergents or solvents to clean the product.

LAMINATE

TREATMENT INSTRUCTIONS

Laminate is a plastic material that does not require any maintenance other than cleaning with a wet cloth.

You may add a bit of dish soap to the water.

Please avoid using any harsh detergents or solvents when cleaning the product.

LINOLEUM

TREATMENT INSTRUCTIONS

This is a product made from natural materials. It consists of a mix of linseed oil, wood dust, minerals, and plant fibers. This composition causes the material to have a nice warm and smooth texture. But it also demands to be treated differently than many other surfaces.

Regular cleaning should be done with a cloth and lukewarm water. Stains should be removed with a mild solution of water and soap.

To freshen up the linoleum, or remove scratches, a specific linoleum soap can be used. This will give the linoleum new protection and will restore its rich and deep color.

Applying linoleum soap

- Wash the tabletop as described above.
- Pour out a decent amount of linoleum soap on the table top, in a line going in the length of the table top.
- Using a cotton rag, spread the linoleum soap onto the table top in circular movements.
- After the soap is distributed evenly, use a dry cotton rag to remove the excess soap, working in circular movements.

Please avoid using any harsh detergents or solvents when cleaning the product.

OIL TREATED FURNITURE

TREATMENT INSTRUCTIONS

Our furniture is pre-treated with oil from the factory. This protects the surface against moist, dirt and grime.

Regular cleaning should be done with a cloth and lukewarm water. Do not use detergents or harsh chemicals on wooden furniture.

We recommend maintaining the surface regularly with oil to keep the surface resistant and beautiful.

- Clean the furniture as described above and let it dry completely
- If the surface is scratched, use a sanding sponge with grit 220. Always sand with the grain of the wood. Remove any dust with a dry cloth
- Use a neutral oil for indoor use. The oil should be distributed in an even, thin layer. Use a cloth that does not pill and work in the direction of the grain
- Remove excess oil with a dry cloth after 2-3 minutes

Before applying any oil to wooden furniture, always read the instructions on the bottle carefully.

POWDER COATED ALUMINIUM

TREATMENT INSTRUCTIONS

Since aluminum is very corrosion resistant, it is only necessary with a decorative powder coat.

If the product unluckily gets scratched or damaged this will not spread, and does not degrade the product.

A repair lacquer can be used, after any loose paint is removed

Maintenance

Regular cleaning should be done with a cloth and lukewarm water.

If your outdoor products need an extra cleaning, an auto shampoo can be used. Please follow the instructions on the bottle.

If possible, outdoor furniture should be stored in a dry place during the winter to protect it from the elements. We do not recommend covering the furniture, since the lack of breathability might accumulate condensation on the furniture.

Please avoid using any harsh detergents or solvents when cleaning the product.

Warranty

We have a 2-year warranty on our powder coat surface. However, the warranty does not cover:

- Furniture damage due to wrong use
- Furniture damage due to wrong storage

POWDER COATED STEEL

TREATMENT INSTRUCTIONS

Our steel is protected with a hard surface of decorative powder coat, that ensures a product that lasts for many years. To ensure good corrosion resistance on our steel outdoor furniture, we use a zinc rich primer.

The primer makes the surface suitable for outdoor use.

Should the product get scratched or damaged, the metal will begin to rust. This will not spread, and does not degrade the product. A repair lacquer can be used, after any rust or loose paint is removed.

Maintenance

Regular cleaning should be done with a cloth and lukewarm water.

If your outdoor products need an extra cleaning, an auto shampoo can be used. Please follow the instructions on the bottle.

If possible, outdoor furniture should be stored in a dry place during the winter to protect it from the elements. We do not recommend covering the furniture, since the lack of breathability might accumulate condensation on the furniture.

Please avoid using any harsh detergents or solvents when cleaning the product.

Warranty

We have a 2-year warranty on our powder coat surface. However, the warranty does not cover:

- Outdoor furniture placed on a coastal line
- Furniture placed in a humid or chlorine filled environment
- Furniture damage due to wrong use
- Furniture damage due to wrong storage

REPAIR LACQUER

TREATMENT INSTRUCTIONS

Cleaning

In case of rust, remove the rust spot with a sharp knife or small file. Be careful only to remove the part with rust. Clean the area with a small amount of rubbing alcohol and let it dry. It is not recommended to use sandpaper.

Application

Shake well before using. Apply the paint in even, thin strokes. If necessary, recoat a second time after 24 hours.

SUNBRELLA OUTDOOR FABRIC

TREATMENT INSTRUCTIONS

One of the best ways to keep Sunbrella® fabrics looking good is to brush off dirt before it becomes embedded in the fabrics and wipe up spills or clean soon after a stain occurs. The quicker you clean spills and stains, the easier they can be removed.

Try this first... With a new spill or stain on your Sunbrella fabric.

- Blot (don't rub) liquid spills with a clean, dry cloth. For oil-based spills, apply an absorbent such as corn starch, then remove with a straight edge
- Spray on a mild cleaning solution of soap (such as Dawn or Woolite) and water
- Rinse the fabric thoroughly to remove all soap residue
- Air dry

Cleaning Removable Fabric

HAND WASHING

Soak fabric in a solution of ¼ cup mild soap per gallon of lukewarm water. Use a sponge or very soft bristle brush to lightly agitate the stain. Then rinse thoroughly to remove all soap residue, and allow fabric to air dry.

MACHINE WASHING

Some removable casings can be washed in the washing machine, however consult the furniture manufacturer before removing the casing as cushion construction may vary. To wash, first close all zippers. Machine wash in cold water on the delicate cycle with normal amounts of mild laundry detergent. For severe mold or mildew, add 1 cup of bleach. Allow fabric to air dry.

Cleaning Non-Removable Fabric

Prepare a solution of ¼ cup mild soap per gallon of lukewarm water.

Use a soft bristle brush to clean, allowing the cleaning solution to soak into the fabric. Rinse thoroughly to remove all soap residue and allow fabric to air dry.

Mold and mildew stains

Sunbrella fabrics do not promote mildew growth, however, mildew may grow on dirt and other foreign substances if not removed from the fabric.

To remove mold or mildew:

- Prepare a solution of 1 cup of bleach and 1/2 cup mild soap per gallon of water.
- Spray on entire area and allow to soak into the fabric for 15 minutes
- Clean entire surface area with a sponge, clean towel or very soft bristle brush
- Rinse thoroughly to remove all soap residue
- Air dry

For severe mold/mildew growth, bleach quantities may be increased.

It is best to clean the entire surface area of the fabric to avoid water rings and stains.

For information on cleaning other popular stains, see Sunbrella Stain Chart.

www.global.sunbrella.com/stainchart

THERMO ASH

TREATMENT INSTRUCTIONS

Our Thermo ash is sourced from sustainable managed European forests (FSC® – FSC C153404) and is thermally treated at a temperature of at least 215°C without the addition of chemical substances, using steam to prevent splitting and cracking. This treatment is what gives the ash wood its impressive durability and prevents the settling of fungi and moulds.

The heat treatment of the ash wood makes the natural properties change and turns the color into a rich and warm brown color. The color of the lamellas might vary slightly. This is due to the thermal process.

Thermo ash care

Over time Thermo ash develops an evenly grey patina under the effects of wind and weather. To keep or to regain the warm brown color, just sand the surface and provide it with an oil suitable for wooden outdoor furniture. We recommend, to treat the Thermo ash with oil on a regularly base (3-4 times a year).